



E400

Store at room temp

Safety information

Slightly hazardous (irritant, sensitizer) in case of skin and/or eye contact, always wear gloves and safety glasses.

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Description:

RNA*Sound*[™] RNA Extraction Spin Columns house filter paper pads that were impregnated with proprietary lysis buffer. Columns enable the:

- Release of RNA from cells and inactivation of RNase;
- Easy recovery of RNA with a quick spin;
- Extremely low co-extracted genomic DNA;
- Direct RT-PCR compatible RNA.

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Kit contents

item	description	quantity
RNA <i>Sound</i> [™] RNA Extraction Spin Columns	Centrifugation columns	50
RNA elution solution	for final RNA elution	10 mL
1.5 mL eppendorf tubes	for final RNA storage	50

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Protocol

1. Sample preparation

- 1) Saliva, nasal fluids, environmental water samples
 - Applied directly
- 2) Cells or bacteria cultures:
 - (For adherent cells) Detach cells and inactivate trypsin;
 - Cells pelleted down;
 - Cells washed with 1XPBS;
 - Cells resuspended in 1XPBS

2. Sample application

- 1) Apply 10~50 μ L of sample to each well of the plate;
 - Load only 10 μ L for highly inhibitory samples

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- 2) Incubate the columns at 60°C in an incubator or on a dry heating block for 30 minutes;
 - The incubation is to heat up the lysis, doesn't mean to dry up the samples;
 - Holes in heating block should be deep enough to heat the column pads.

3. RNA Elution

- 1) Add 50 μ L of provided RNA elution solution to each column;
- 2) Centrifuge at top speed for 1 minute;
- 3) Remove the supernatant to a new eppendorf tube;
- 4) The supernatant can be directly used for RT-PCR or stored at -20 °C or lower for future use.

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Brief workflow



- Load 10~50 μ L of above sample to each column;



- incubated at 60°C for 30 minutes.



- Add 50 μ L of RNA elution solution
 - Spin at top speed for 1 minute to elute RNA, ready for RT-PCR.



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